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NEWSPAPER HIGHLIGHT

The COVID-19 pandemic created a new billionaire every 30 hours, and it is expected that a million people could be pushed into extreme poverty at the same rate in 2022, according to a new Oxfam brief released on Monday. The brief titled "Profiting from Pain" is published for the World Economic Forum 2022 for its annual meeting for a five day event at Davos.

The country's frontline health workers or ASHAs (accredited social health activists) were one of the six recipients of the WHO's Global Health Leaders Award 2022 that recognises leadership, contribution to the advance of global health and commitment to regional health issues.

The "world of work" is being buffeted by multiple crises, says the ninth edition of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) Monitor. The report says that after significant gains during the last quarter of 2021, the number of hours worked globally dropped in the first quarter of 2022, to 3.8% below the employment situation before the pandemic. About 11.2 crore jobs might have lost between this period, according to the report.

The increase in export taxes on iron ore announced by the government would lead to large surpluses at home, and mainly hit producers of low grade ores that depend on overseas markets, a mining industry said. The bodv Centre had announced that export tariffs on new iron ores and concentrates would be raised to 50% from 30%, and duties on pellets would be increased to 45% from zero. It also removed import tariffs for coking coal and coke.

India signalled its readiness to be part of a new economic initiative led by the U.S. for the region, as Prime Minister Narendra Modi joined U.S. President Joseph Biden, Japanese Prime Minister Fumio Kishida and of 10 countries, leaders who participated virtually, for the launch Indo-Pacific Economic of the Framework for Prosperity (IPEF) in Tokyo on Monday. The negotiations for the IPEF, which will begin on Tuesday, are expected to centre around four main pillars, including trade, supply chain resiliency, clean energy and decarbonisation, and taxes and anticorruption measures.

STORAGE GAIN

1.After the Centre relaxed the Fair and Average Quality norms for wheat procurement this season, Punjab's state procurement agencies (SPAs) are now seeking a waiver of 'storage gain' Wheat tends to gain some weight during storage. This is known as 'storage gain' and it mostly happens due to absorption of moisture.

2.The weight gain/losses depended upon the moisture content at which stacking was done whereas the change in environmental conditions plays a limited role. The moisture is mostly absorbed by the endosperm, one of the three parts of a grain. The three parts of the grain are bran (outer layer rich in fibre), germ (inner layer rich in nutrients) and endosperm (bulk of the kernel which contains minerals and vitamins).

3.Compensation - The State procurement agencies purchase and store wheat at their facilities. They are required to give one kg wheat extra per quintal to the Food Corporation of India (FCI), the Centre's nodal agency for grain procurement, to compensate for storage gain.

4.The 20% of wheat, procured by the FCI and the SPAs, is moved immediately after procurement. But, it is usually on the remaining 80%, which is moved out after July 1 every year, that storage gain has to be accounted for due to longer storage duration.

W BOSON

1.The researchers from Collider Detector at Fermilab (CDF) Collaboration have made a precise measurement of the mass of the W boson. This precise value did not match with what was expected from estimates using the standard model of particle physics.

2.Discovered in 1983 at CERN, the W boson is a fundamental particle. Together with the Z boson, it is responsible for the weak force. [Weak force is one of four fundamental forces - electromagnetic, weak nuclear, strong nuclear and gravitational interactions - that govern the behaviour of matter in our universe. Particles of matter interact by exchanging these bosons, but only over short distances.]

3.The W boson, which is electrically charged, changes the very make up of particles. It switches protons into neutrons, and vice versa, through the weak force, triggering nuclear fusion and letting stars burn. This burning also creates heavier elements and, when a star dies, those elements are tossed into space as the building blocks for planets and even people.

4.Standard Model of Elementary Particle Physics-This model is a theoretical construct in physics that describes particles of matter and their interaction. It views the elementary particles of the world as being connected by mathematical symmetries, just as an object and its mirror image are connected by bilateral (left-right) symmetry. These are mathematical groups generated by continuous transformations from, say, one particle to another.

5.This model says that there are a finite number of fundamental particles which are represented by the characteristic "eigen" states of these groups. The particles predicted by the model, such as the Z boson, have been seen in experiments and the last to be discovered, in 2012, was the Higgs boson which gives mass to the heavy particles.

6.This is an incomplete model as it gives a unified picture of only three of the four fundamental forces of nature, it totally omits gravity. The other gap in the standard model is that it does not include a description of dark matter particles. So far, these have been detected only through their gravitational pull on surrounding matter.

ENDOSULFAN

1.The Supreme Court order has pulled up the Kerala government for delaying the compensation to the Endosulfan pesticide exposure victims. Endosulfan is a cyclic sulfite ester. It is an organochlorine biocide.

2.It is a cream- to brown-colored solid that may appear in the

The grouping, which includes seven out of 10 members of the Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN), all four Quad countries, and New Zealand, represents about 40% of global GDP.

U.S. President Joe Biden said he would be willing to use force to defend Taiwan against Chinese aggression. The comment seemed to stretch the limits of the ambiguous U.S. policy towards the self ruled island.

India will emerge as the leader of green hydrogen, Minister of Petroleum and Natural Gas Hardeep Singh Puri said on Monday. Mr. Puri made the remarks while attending the World Economic Forum at Davos, Switzerland, where he is part of the Indian delegation led by Commerce and Industry Minister Piyush Goyal.

To promote data protection while enabling free flow of data in the U.K. India corridor, Nasscom, U.K. India **Business Council and Tech UK have** released a joint position paper on The Monday. features paper recommendations for both governments to consider as part of the ongoing India U.K. Free Trade Agreement negotiations, as per a Nasscom statement.

Allegations of human rights abuses in northwestern China's Xinjiang region will dominate a visit by the United Nations' top rights official that began on Monday. Michelle Bachelet's trip is the first to China by a UN high commissioner for human rights since 2005, and rights groups warn it threatens to whitewash abuses by the ruling Communist Party in Xinjiang.

Australia's new Prime Minister Anthony Albanese was sworn in on Monday and flew to Tokyo for a summit with U.S. President Joe Biden while vote counting continued to determine whether he will control a majority in a Parliament that is demanding tougher action on climate change.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Monday met with a number of top representatives of the Japanese corporate sector.

The Inter State Council, which works to promote and support cooperative federalism in the country, has been reconstituted with Prime Minister Narendra Modi as Chairman and Chief Ministers of all States and six Union Ministers as members. Ten Union Ministers will be the permanent invitees to the form of crystals or flakes with a pungent odor. It is denser than water and nearly insoluble in water. It does not occur naturally in the environment.

3.Uses - It is used as a pesticide, fungicide or herbicide. It is used to control insects on food and non-food crops and as a wood preservative. It is sprayed on cotton, cashew, fruits, tea, paddy, and tobacco etc.

4.It is used for controlling pests and mites by generating neurotoxic effects. **Problems - It is toxic by inhalation, skin absorption, or ingestion. Upon application, receiving soils act as a primary reservoir of endosulfan in the environment.** Because of its hydrophobic properties, endosulfan has shown high mobility across environmental compartments.

EUROPA

1.A team of researchers have said that on one of Jupiter's moons Europa, a prime candidate for life in the solar system, there might be an abundance of water pockets beneath formations called double ridges. Europa or Jupiter II is the smallest of the four Galilean moons orbiting Jupiter. Europa is slightly smaller than Earth's moon and its diameter is about one-quarter that of the Earth.

2.Even though Europa has a very thin oxygen atmosphere, it is considered one of the most promising places in the solar system to find present-day environments that are suitable for life beyond the Earth. It is also believed that underneath Europa's icy surface the amount of water is twice that on Earth.

3.Double ridges are the formations which are most common on Europa's surface and are similar to those seen on Earth's Greenland ice sheet. The new study says that double ridges are formed over shallow pockets of water.

4.It found that the "M" shaped crest in Greenland that is known as the double-ridge could be a miniature version of the most prominent feature found on the ice sheets of Europa. NASA is expected to launch its Europa Clipper in 2024. The module will orbit Jupiter and conduct multiple close flybys to Europa to gather data on the moon's atmosphere, surface and its interior.

5.Implications of the recent findings - As per the new study, the ice shell is believed to be less of a barrier and more of a dynamic system. This means that the ice shell does not behave like an inert block of ice, but rather undergoes a variety of geological and hydrological processes. Because the double ridges' closer to the surface, there's a possibility that life has a shot if there are pockets of water in the shell.

ICY LAVA FLOWS IN PLUTO

1.There is a report that, in Pluto, icy lava flows have recently covered substantial tracts of its surface. In this context, "recently" means probably no more than a billion years ago. Also, there is no suggestion that volcanoes are still active - but it's only a quarter the age of the Solar System and no one knows how Pluto brewed up the heat needed to power these eruptions.

2.The news is coming nearly seven years after NASA's New Horizons probe made its spectacular flyby of Pluto in 2015, after a recent analysis. The analysis was done on to a mountainous feature named Wright Mons, which rises 4-5km above its surroundings. It is about 150km across its base and has a central depression 40-50km wide, with a floor at least as low as the surrounding terrain.

3.The Wright Mons is a volcano, and the lack of impact craters shows that it is not likely to be older than 1-2 billion years. Hummocks - The Wright Mons and much of its surroundings are seen to be crowded with hummocks. The hummocks were likely created by some sort of ice volcanism, known by the term "cryovolcanism" - erupting icy water rather than molten rock. **4.**Pluto's bulk density shows that it must have rock in its interior, but its outer regions are a mixture of ices in the same way that the crust of the Earth and other rocky planets is a mixture of several silicate minerals. These mixtures of ices have water, methane, nitrogen and probably ammonia and carbon monoxide, too, all of which are less than a third as dense as rock.

5.Melting of the ice-Ice, of course, melts at much lower temperatures than rock. And when there is a mixture of two ices, melting can begin at a lower temperature than for either of the pure ices (the same principle applies in silicate rock made of different minerals). This makes melting even easier. Despite this, it is a surprise to find evidence of relatively young water-rich cryovolcanic eruptions on Pluto, because there is no known heat

Inter State Council, according to an official notification. The government has also reconstituted the standing committee of the Inter State Council with Union Home Minister Amit Shah as Chairman.

source to power them.

6.There is only very limited scope for Pluto's interior to be heated by tidal forces, which warm the interiors of some of the moons of Jupiter and Saturn. [Tidal force is the gravitational effect between orbiting bodies, such as a moon and a planet.] Also, the amount of rock inside Pluto is not enough to produce much heat from radioactivity. The reason may be the Pluto having a deep internal liquid water ocean.